SOVIET PORCES IN CUBA

Pananana

Personnel

- I. From a few hundred technicians in the summer of 1962, the Soviet military presence in Cuba has grown to include regular troops manning the tanks and other weapons of mobile army groups, radar and missile specialists in charge of an amonably his defense system, and a large number of communications, air force, maval, and other personable.
 - A. Although some 5,500 to 0,000 process associated with the officesive missile systems have left, we believe 17,000 Gevice mildeary personnel remain.
 - These treers operate configurate which the Cu-bars are now yet able to eperate or which the Reviews do not intend to give to Cuba.
 - They are this primite approximation of Soviet concern off an approximation of a Communist state in Sub.
 - a. They bely depend Cantro regime against fateraul addate.
 - b. They may also stored as broke on Castro

- 3. There are no indications of major Soviet of troop withdravals from Cuba, either planned or in Craim.
- . DETAINS: Unjor composents and estimated strengths are:
 - CAM spoter--8,300
 - TIS fighters--900
 - urrored froups--5,000 Daadquarterr, engineers, training--S.500
 - 000100-0100110 00115--1,000
 - Tradeparture occumunications, secu-

Air Defense System

- and largely achieved before the missile withdrawals an integrated air defense system employing both surface-to-air (SAM) missiles and jet fighters, backed by an extensive radar and communications set.
 - A. Efforts to improve the SAE system continue.
 - 1. Since the rithdrawal of the MRBH and IRBH units, three CAM sites have been involved in major researchers. In each case, the EAB site was moved away free the coast and closer to be appearant military objective.
 - 3. On 39 January, a new SAM site under construction was ghove proposed southeast of Mavana acar a solitarry carfield. This may indicate what an emissing SAM site mear the count for this pure general area will shortly be moved.
 - 3. DETAİLMI
 - Ta. 20 Sporational SAE sites, each with 6 lauschers and approximately 20 missiles.

 Total SAM missiles-approximately 500.
 - SA-2 winile (Guideline) has an estimatedgrange of 25-30 n.m. with a 500-1b. HE warhead. The SA-2 is considered

effective against aircraft operating between 3,000 and 30,000 feet, with limited effectiveness down to 2,500 feet and up to 100,000 feet.

c. The SAM sites appear to be manned entirely

e. The SAM sites appear to be manned entirely by Soviet personnel. Although some training of Cubans in operation of SAM equipment now to planned, there are no indications that this has begun.

To supplement surface-to-sir missiles, the So-

viets have brought in 104 MIG fighters.

1. 02 these, Figure MIG-21 (Fishbed) nireraft,
manned entirals by Seviet personnel.

2. The MIG-2X to a highspeed (Each 2) wirecraft which can be used both for ground
support and the follows. File-communications
includes deferred howing sir-to-air mismile. In how content radius of 350 m.m.

corrying ruoie un verpons.

S. The Mig-Ci nicerain orebably is capable of

c. If a nuclear weapon was attached to this

seriously restricted, to about 200 nautical miles and then only under visual Tire conditions.

There is no evidence, from our continuing photo-reconnaissance of Cuban airfields or other sources, of any special security or other activity which would take place if nuclear weapons for these aircraft were in

Cuba. The Soviets run their own communications with ı. little or no help from the Cubans or Cuban facildedes.

Cubans appear to work conjointly with Soviets in some reporting aspects of the air defense network. They have no controlling function over the missiles therselves. DETAILE:

Cruise Missiles

- coastal defense missiles during the build-up, they
 have thus for established only 4 operational sites.
 - A. The large number of cruise missiles which remain in crates suggests that the Cuban crisis interrupted a small program to deploy several more sites.
 - B. DETAILS:

 - 2. Crains missiles are believed to be in crates

and training site). Total missiles: 32-40.

- Cuorra (just uses of Mariel) -- 46

 Name of the cotons (the cotons Cuba) -- 48
 - Santtire di C.P. Prost of Cuantonamo) -- 21
 a. Chia rain. A ratai of 115 cruise mis
 - offer offil as erates, enough to estab-
- 3. The constal defense missile observed in Ouba

 io a curinos-launohed version of the 48-1 min
 to-gurinos-launohed version of the 48-1 min-

version, it has no estimated range of 30 to 40 nautical miles, with a 2,700-pound conventional warnead.

Soviet Armored Groups

- IV. In late August and early September, the Soviets established mobile armored groups at camps in the general
 vicinity of the offensive missile sites. These units
 were probably meant to provide local defense for these
 sites in event of US favasion or guerrilla sabotage attempts.
 - A. Each Gronnpuser--et Fornedios, Santiago de las Vegos, Astonico, and Holguin--contains about 1,500 officers and meet and their organic equipment.
 - 1. The four groups have a total of 40 heavy tanks, 340 reding tanks, and 15 amphibious tanks, as well as assault guns, mortars, and infantry rocket launchors.
 - 2. There are about 24-32 FROG tactical reckets, an anti-personnel weepen with a range of about 50,000 yards.
 - 3. The Soviet mobile armored groups and also equipped with 25 SNAPPER wire-guided anti-

Missile Patrol South

- . To complement the constal defense appabilities of the cryise missiles, the invisits brought in 12 KOXAR guidedmissile patrol boots.
 - A. These punits are being operated by mixed Soviet and Cuban erews.

B. DETAILS:

- 1. The best is divice P-S motor terpede boot buil notified by carry two missile launchers.

 It has a top speed of da knots with maximum.
- 2. The missile has a range of 10-15 nautical miles (limited by rader line-of-might) and carries a conventional varieta of about 2,000 pounds.
- 3. All 12 MOMAR's are now in Mariel-Havana area, although 4 have operated out of Bares attacked times in the past.

SUMMARY OF DOI'S STATEMENT TO MAHON COMMITTEE

ON SOVIET PERSONNEL IN CUBA

- On 1 July 1962, shortly before the Soviet buildup began, we estimated roughly 500 blog advisors and technicians in Cuba.
 - This was based on the witcht of draining programs underway and James (college in other countries like Voyet aks Transpark
- After the builder in Limited Carbia figure on II. the basis of arrivals of passager ships known to . be carrying military personnel, assuming they were Marmally loadec.
 - Our figures progressively rose to 2,000 op 1 August, 2,000 on 1 September, and 4,000 on 19 September:
 - We knew some additional Soviets had come on cargo ships, but could not say how many.
 - These estimates were what the intelligence community could agree on. To now know they were much too low.
- Unce we received the photography of 16 October, wa yere able to shift our sethodology. By 22 October we bad a rough estimato that a minimum of 8,000-10,000 Soviets vould be needed to nin the Soviet weapons eyetens then known to by in Cobs.

- IV. At this time we were giving first priority to the strategic verpons systems. The question of personnel numbers was of lesson importance.
 - A. No serv horover accountaining a mass of additional information from many sources. As time-permitted detailed analysis, we progressively reised our estimate satisfies now believe there were about 12,000 joyist military personnel in Cuba at the height of the buildup. (Apparently the passenger ships were troop loaded and substantial numbers case in on dargo ships.)

 3. This figure isoluted the four armored groups—
 - which were easy identified in November.
- V. Some 5,000-6,000 Soviete departed in-November content of 17,000 now there.
 - A. We think this figure is the best that can be reached. We have covered Cuba exhaustively.
 - B. Some individual sources have reported figures considerably higher than these. Recognizing that neither we nor anyone else can make a head count, we only report these factors which can be verified by available intelligence resources.

ANNER A

SOVIET HILITARY EQUIPMENT IN CUBA

· v (4.5 s <u>1</u>	July 1962	1 November 1962	1 February 1963
MRBUS	Ó	42	0
Tanks	160	345	395
Field artillery and	770	1,320	1,320
AT guns -		3	
AAA guns	្ត ខ្ពង់ _{នេះ} ក្នុ	710	710
PROG rockets	-	24-02	24-32
Military vehicles	3,000	7,500-10,000	7,500-10,000
SAM sites	0 12	24	24
SAM missiles	9	500	500
Crylso-missile sites	3		4
Cruise missiles		150	150
Air defense radars		ABOUT 100	About 200
Jet fighters		101	104
Jet light bombord	1 1 1 1	42	0
Relicopters	116	Noout 70	'About 85-100
KOMAR cruiss-missile	, 0	12	12
boats	ا خواد ما به ادام به جود بن داری می اسلام پیدا مانید در د		
회사에서 교육하는 시구하다면 다양된			

ANNEX-D

ESTIMATE AS OF DATE LISTED OF SOVIET MILITARY PERSONNEL

IN CUEA (EXCLUSIVE OF CIVILIANS)

1 July 1962 500

1 August 1962 at least 2,000s

1 September 1962 2t least 2,200s

19 September 1992 about 4,000¢
22 October 1962 3,009-10.000¢

1 December 1962 15,000-22,000 present at height of

trildup)

15 December 1992

17,000

(procent after departure)

of missiles and bombers)

1 February 1963 17,000

Agreed intelligence connucty estimates based on known normal parceager sayably of ships.

66 Retrospective scalveis rigorn 88,000 present at this time...